

(127 d)  $y(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ x(t) + x(t-2), & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$

- For  $t \geq 0$ ,  $y(t)$  depends on past value of  $x(t)$   
→ not memory less

- $y_1(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ x_1(t) + x_1(t-2), & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$

$$\text{let } x_2 = x_1(t - t_0)$$

- $y_2(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ x_2(t) + x_2(t-2), & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$

$$y_1(t-t_0) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } t < 0 \\ x_1(t-t_0) + x_1(t-t_0-2), & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow y_2(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ x_1(t-t_0) + x_1(t-t_0-2), & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Does  $y_2(t) = y_1(t-t_0)$ ? Yes → time-invariant

- Let  $x_3(t) = ax_1(t) + bx_2(t)$

$$y_3(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ x_3(t) + x_3(t-2), & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$y_3(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ ax_1(t) + bx_2(t) + ax_1(t-2) + bx_2(t-2), & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$y_3(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ a[x_1(t) + x_1(t-2)] + b[x_2(t) + x_2(t-2)], & t \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$y_3(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0 \\ ay_1(t) + by_2(t), & t \geq 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{linear}} \xrightarrow{\text{cont'd}}$$